

# Study on Artificial intelligence....

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**ABSTRACT:**Image inpainting is the process of restoring the lost or damaged regions or modifying the image contents imperceptibly. It refers to the process of filling-in missing data in a designated region of the visual input. In this paper, the technique presented is for detection and removal of text from images. The system detects text using morphological operations, connected component labelling and a set of selection criteria which helps to filter out non text regions. So, the resultant image is the image with only texts. Text Inpainting is done in two steps. The first step detects the text region automatically, without user interaction and in the second step; the text is removed from the image using exemplar based Inpainting algorithm.

**KEYWORDS:**Text detection, Inpainting, Morphological operations, Connected component labelling.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Image inpainting is a method for repairing damaged pictures or removing unnecessary elements from pictures. It recovers the missing or corrupted parts of an image so that the reconstructed image looks natural. In real world, many people need a system to recover damaged photographs, designs, drawings, artworks etc. damage may be due to various reasons like scratches, overlaid text or graphics etc.

This system could enhance and return a good looking photograph using a technique called image inpainting. Image inpainting modify and fill the missing area in an image in an undetectable way, by an observer not familiar with the original image. The technique can be used to reconstruct image damage due to dirt, scratches, overlaid text etc.

Some images contain mixed text-picture-graphic regions in which text characters are printed in an image. Detecting and recognizing these characters can be very important, and removing these is important in the context of removing indirect advertisements, and for aesthetic reasons. There are many applications of image inpainting ranging from restoration of photographs, films, removal of occlusions such as text, subtitle, logos, stamps, scratches, red eye removal etc.

Paper is organized as follows. Section II describes automatic text detection using morphological operations, connected component analysis and set of selection or rejection criteria. The flow diagram represents the step of the algorithm. After detection of text, how text region is filled using an Inpainting technique that is given in Section III. Section IV presents experimental results showing results of images tested. Finally, Section V presents conclusion.

## II. LITERATURE WORK

The concept of image inpainting was first introduced by Bertamio et al. [1]. The method was inspired by the real inpainting process of artists. The image smoothness information interpolated by the image Laplacian is propagated along the isophotes directions, which are estimated by the gradient of image rotated by 90 degrees. Exemplar Based method proposed by Criminisi et al. [2] used a best exemplar patch to propagate target patch including missing pixels. This technique uses an approach which combine structure propagation with texture synthesis and hence produced very good results. In [3], the authors decompose the image into sum of two functions and then reconstruct each function separately with structure and texture filling-in algorithms. Morphological technique is used to extract text from the

images presented in [4]. In [5], the inpainting technique is combined with the techniques of finding text in images and a simple algorithm that links them. The technique is insensitive to noise, skew and text orientation. The authors in [6] have applied the CCL (connected component labelling) to detect the text and fast marching algorithm is used for Inpainting.

The work in this paper is divided in two stages. 1) Text- Detection 2) Inpainting. Text detection is done by applying morphological open-close and close-open filters and combines the images. Thereafter, gradient is applied to detect the edges followed by thresholding and morphological dilation, erosion operation. Then, connected component labelling is performed to label each object separately. Finally, the set of selection criteria is applied to filter out non text regions. After text detection, text inpainting is accomplished by using exemplar based Inpainting algorithm.

### III. METHODOLOGY

Exemplar based Inpainting technique is used for inpainting of text regions, which takes structure synthesis and texturesynthesis together. The inpainting is done in such a manner, that it fills the damagedregion or holes in an image, with surrounding colour and texture. The algorithm isbased on patch based filling procedure. First find target region using mask image and then find boundary of target region. For all the boundary points it defined patch andfind the priority of these patches. It starts filling the target region from the highestpriority patch by finding the best match patch. Thisprocedure is repeated until entire target region is inpainted.

The algorithm automatically generates mask image without user interaction that contains only text regions to be inpainted.

### IV. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

Figures shows the results of text detection from an image and inpainting by using exemplar based Inpainting algorithm. Figs. 2, 3, 4 (a) shows the original image. (b) is the image obtained by applying first set of criteria. All objects whose area greater than 10000 and filled area greater than 8000 are eliminated and major axis lengths are in between 20 to 3000 are considered to be text. Still, some small non-text objects are detected.



Fig. 2. Text Detection and Inpainting (a) Original image (b) Image after applying first set of criteria (c) Image after applying second set of criteria (d) Image mask (e) Inpainted image using patch size 4 x 4 and search window size 81 x 81

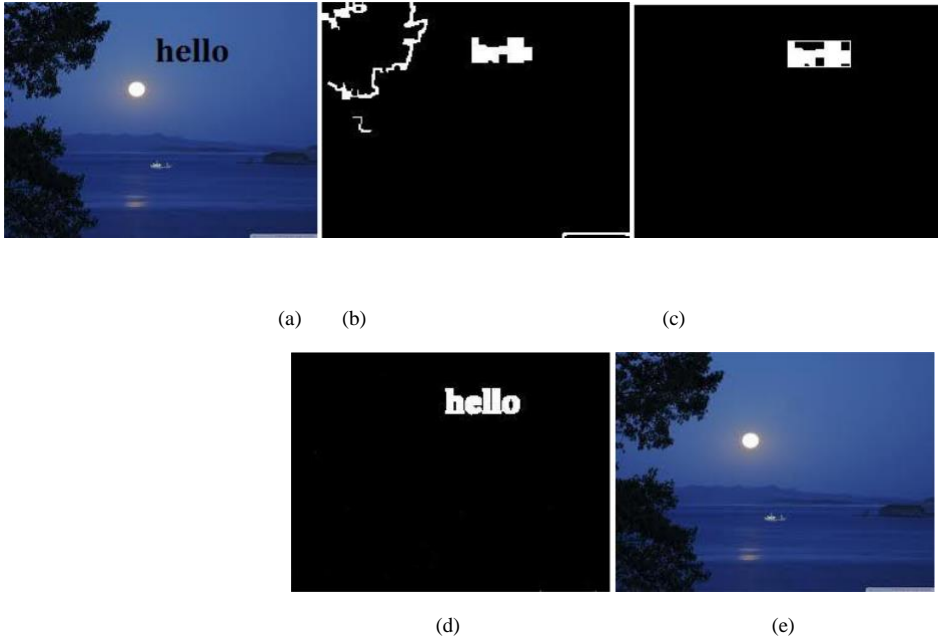


Fig. 3 Text Detection and Inpainting (a) Original image (b) Image after applying first set of criteria (c) Image after applying second set of criteria (d) Image mask (e) Inpainted image using patch size 5 x 5 and search window size 81 x 81



Fig. 4 Text Detection and Inpainting (a) Original image (b) Image after applying first set of criteria (c) Image after applying second set of criteria (d) Image mask (e) Inpainted image using patch size 5 x 5 and search window size 81 x 81

To eliminate small objects, connected component labelling is applied to the resultant image.(c) represents text detection by applying second set of criteria which eliminates all the objects whose area is less than 300 and filled area is less than 500.

## V. CONCLUSIONS

We have implemented an automatic text detection technique from an image for Inpainting. Our algorithm successfully detects the text region from the image which consists of mixed text-picture-graphic regions. We have applied our algorithm on many images and found that it successfully detect the text region.

Variable	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation	Jarque-Bera test
KSE-100 Index	-0.11	0.14	0.020	0.047	5.558
Inflation	-0.01	0.02	0.007	0.008	1.345
Exchange rate	-0.07	0.04	0.003	0.013	1.517
Oil Prices	-0.24	0.11	0.041	0.060	2.474
Interest rate	-0.13	0.05	0.047	0.029	1.745

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